

Technology Brief of CityU's IP

Ultra-elastic Chemical Complex Alloys with Extraordiinary Elinvar Effect (IDF# 935, US 17/209,589)



[Ref.: https://arxiv.org/ftp/arxiv/papers/2101/2101.02382.pdf_]

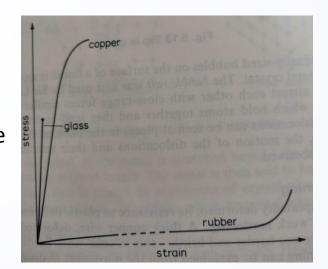


Background:

What is Elinvar alloys?

- An alloy of Nickel-Iron-Chromium (originally)
- Modulus of elasticity does not change with Temperature

$$ho$$
 $E \equiv rac{\sigma(arepsilon)}{arepsilon} = rac{F/A}{\Delta L/L_0} = rac{FL_0}{A\,\Delta L}$ ho ho T





- Invented by Charles Édouard Guillaume, a Swiss physicist, won the 1920 Nobel Prize in Physics for the discovery
- Largest use in balance springs for mechanical watches and chronometers



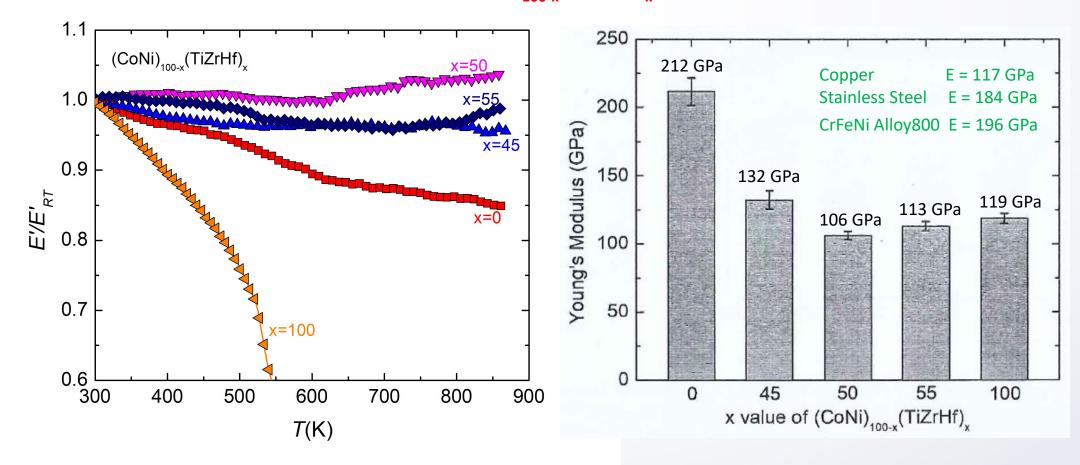


[Source: Wikipedia.org]

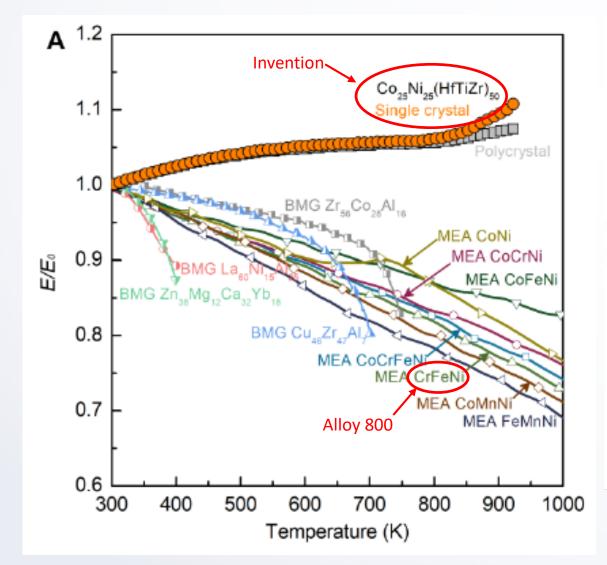


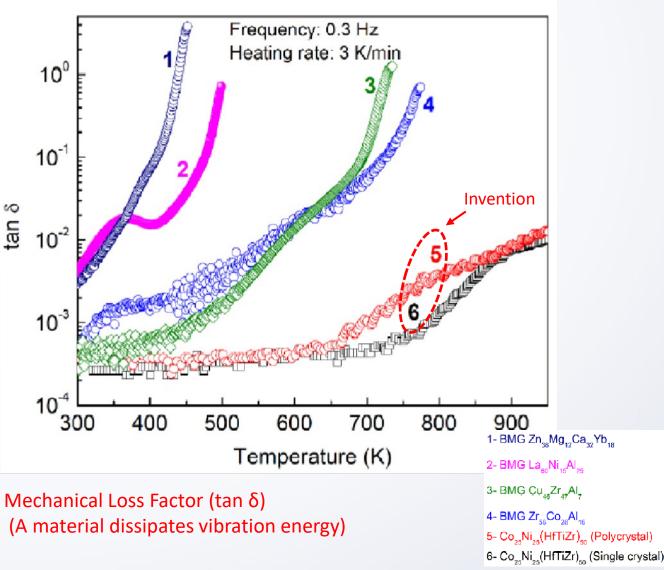
Technology:

• A series of the High-Entropy Alloy of (Co Ni)_{100-x}(Ti Zr Hf)_x where 45<x<55











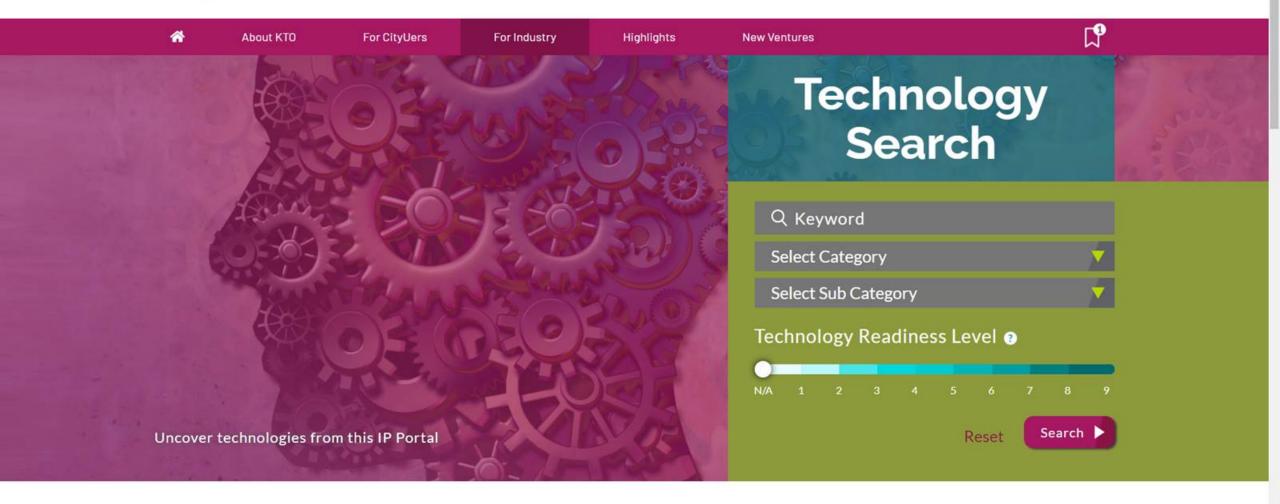
Advantages:

- Strong Elinvar effect with wide range of ambient temperature
- Large elastic strain limit without limitation in dimension scale
- High efficiency of energy storage with very small internal friction
- Good fluidity and easy for fabrication

Applications:

- Chronometers, Precision devices & Calibration instrument
- Medical equipment, Combustion engine, Power plant, Aerospace & Military
- Applications at harsh ambient condition





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Thank you! Q & A