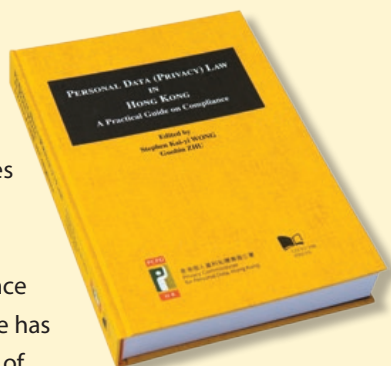


*Personal Data (Privacy) Law in Hong Kong—A Practical Guide on Compliance*

Edited by Stephen Wong Kai-yi, Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data, Hong Kong, and Professor Zhu Guobin, School of Law

City University of Hong Kong Press, 2016

Data Protection Principles within the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance seek to create broad common principles based on fairness that apply to the public and private sectors. The passage of twenty years since the enactment of the Ordinance has given rise to a substantial body of case law and administrative decisions on these principles and the other provisions of the Ordinance. The new amendments have already been the subject of judicial scrutiny. This publication, which replaces its predecessor, has the dual aim of becoming a practitioner's guide on the important subject of personal data privacy, containing, as it does, a detailed exposition of the principles and provisions in the Ordinance and a comprehensive source of reference materials, enabling the Privacy Commissioner to promote awareness and understanding of the Ordinance.



《香港個人資料(私隱)法律—實用指引》  
香港個人資料私隱專員黃繼兒、法律學院朱國斌教授合編  
香港城市大學出版社，2016年

《個人資料(私隱)條例》中保障資料的原則為在公平的基礎上，制訂適用於公營及私營機構之一般寬泛原則。該條例制訂至今已20年，由此產生大量判例法、行政決定及其他條例。新的修正案已經獲得通過。本書取代其舊有版本，目標有二：一是對條例的原則及條文加以詳細闡述，成為從業人士處理個人資料私隱這個重要課題的指引；二是作為詳盡參考資料，助私隱專員促進大眾對條例之認識及了解。●

*China's Energy Policy from National and International Perspectives: The Energy Revolution and One Belt One Road Initiative*

Written by Dr William Chung Siu-wai, Department of Management Sciences, and Professor Xu Qinhuo, Director of the Center for International Energy and Environment Strategy Studies, Renmin University of China  
City University of Hong Kong Press, 2016

Before 2000, roughly 96% of China's energy demands were met domestically. Since 2001, however, this position of near self-reliance has changed. With steadily increasing demands, China's need for foreign energy has grown. Today, China is the world's biggest energy consumer and emitter of greenhouse gases. Building upon the first volume, which examined China's energy plans, this book will examine the strategies China has taken to meet its burgeoning energy demands, continue its fast-paced economic growth and also address mounting concerns about environmental welfare and the true cost of China's development. With new chapters addressing international agreements, the so-called "China energy threat" and the Belt and Road Initiative, this volume will continue to discuss and interpret both domestic policies and China's international role.

《從國家及國際視角看中國能源政策——能源革命及一帶一路》  
管理科學系鍾兆偉博士、中國人民大學國際能源戰略研究中心主任許勤華教授合著  
香港城市大學出版社，2016年



在2000年前，中國內地能滿足約96%的能源內需；但從2001年起，這種近乎自給自足的局面改變了。中國的能源需求穩步增長，對國外能源的需求亦因而上升；目前，中國已成為全球最大能源消費及溫室氣體排放國家。本書以探討中國能源計劃的第一冊為基礎，研究中國的能源策略。中國施行這些戰略，既為滿足不斷增長的能源需求、保持經濟迅速增長，又要消除對中國發展的環境福利及真實成本而日益加深的憂慮。書中增加了幾個新章節，分別提及國際協議、所謂的「中國能源威脅論」以及一帶一路，並探討中國的能源政策及其在國際扮演的角色。●